

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



SDS No.: 8  
Date Created: January 16, 2017  
Supercedes: November 14, 2016

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Identifier:** EasiSolv 700N Screen Wash M  
**General Use:** Ink Remover  
**Product Description:** Bi-layered Clear Liquid

### MANUFACTURER

Easiway Systems, Inc.  
540 S River Street  
Delano, MN 55328  
Phone 1-763-972-6306  
[www.easiway.com](http://www.easiway.com)

[sales@easiway.com](mailto:sales@easiway.com)

### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

(800)-424-9300 CHEMTREC USA & CANADA  
+1(703)-741-5970 CHEMTREC INTERNATIONAL

## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

#### GHS CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE

<b>Flammable Liquid</b>	Not Classified Under GHS
<b>Aspiration Toxicity</b>	Category 1
<b>Skin Irritation</b>	Category 3
<b>Eye Irritation</b>	Category 2A
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not Classified Under GHS
<b>Specific Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure</b>	Category 2 - Inhalation
<b>Specific Organ Toxicity Single Exposure</b>	Category 3 - Narcotic Effects
<b>Reproductive Toxicity</b>	Not Classified Under GHS
<b>Acute Toxicity</b>	Category 5 - Respiratory System
<b>Germ Cell mutagenicity</b>	Not Classified Under GHS
<b>Hazardous to the aquatic environment</b>	Category 2

Hazard Category - means the division of criteria within each hazard class, e.g. acute toxicity includes five hazard categories and flammable liquids include four hazard categories. These categories compare hazard severity within a hazard class. "GHS Classification of Substance" means the material hazard class under that particular category and should not be taken as a comparison of hazard categories more generally. Degree of severity under GHS is "1" being the most severe and sequential numbers indicating correspondingly less severity. "Not Classified Under GHS" does not have characteristics that fall into any of the categories for that hazard class.

### GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

#### DANGER



#### Hazard Statements

H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H319-May cause serious eye irritation.  
H373-May cause damage to central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H335-May cause respiratory irritation.  
H333-May be harmful if inhaled.  
H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H401-Toxic to aquatic life.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Precautionary Statements

### General:

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P103-Read label before use.

### Prevention:

P261-Avoid breathing vapors.

P273-Avoid release to the environment.

P280-Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

### Response:

P301+310-IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison control center or medical facility.

P331-Do NOT induce vomiting.

P314-Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P332-If skin irritation occurs: seek medical attention if condition persists.

P337-If eye irritation persists: seek medical attention.

P338+351- Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

P340-Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P370+378-In case of fire: use foam, carbon dioxide, dry extinguishing powder, sand to extinguish.

### Storage/Disposal:

P403+235+404-Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store in closed container.

P501-Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/federal regulations.

## UN GHS

According to the Globally Harmonized Standard for Classification and Labeling (GHS), this product is considered hazardous based on aspiration hazard and eye irritation.

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## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Component</u>	<u>wt%</u>	<u>CAS Registry #</u>
Petroleum Distillates, Hydrotreated Light	1 - 5	64742-47-8
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate	10 - 30	88917-22-0
Aliphatic Dibasic Esters	15 - 30	1119-40-0,627-93-0,106-65-0
Alcohols, C <sub>12</sub> - C <sub>14</sub> Secondary, Ethoxylated	2 - 6	84133-50-6
Water	<60	

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## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position. Get medical attention if symptoms persist after moving to fresh air. Give oxygen if available, symptoms persist, and medical attention is not immediate.

### EYE CONTACT:

Remove contact lens (if present). Rinse eyes immediately with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes. If necessary, gently hold the eyelid open during the flush. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.

### SKIN CONTACT:

Wash skin with mild soap solution to remove material. Frequent or prolonged contact with the material may defat and irritate skin.

### INGESTION:

Material contains hydrocarbons which can aspirate into the lungs if vomiting is induced. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Ingestion is not a likely route of entry if used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. If ingestion occurs, seek immediate medical attention.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Flash Point and Method:** >93 C/200 F (Pensky-Martens)  
**Flammable Limits:** Unknown  
**Autoignition Temperature:** Unknown

### GENERAL HAZARD:

Product contains water but also organic components that could fuel an existing fire creating noxious gases.

### FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Water fog or fine spray; dry chemical fire extinguishers; carbon dioxide fire extinguishers; foam; alcohol resistant foams (ATC type). Use water fog or fine spray for cooling exposed containers to control heating.

### FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. For small outdoor fires, which may be easily extinguished with a portable fire extinguisher, use of protective equipment is generally unnecessary.

### FURTHER INFORMATION:

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products which might be more irritating.

### HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and organics such as aldehydes depending on the heat of the fire.

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### LAND SPILL RESPONSE:

Absorb small spills with inert material such as sand or earth. Containerize waste material. Dike large spills to contain the area of the spill. Use cleanup procedures that minimize contamination to earth or water bodies.

### WATER SPILL:

Material is water based and is expected to mix immediately with the water body. Collection will be difficult but restrict transfer to the localized spill area in the case of a large spill (many gallons) by diking or other means as this product is aquatically toxic.

### RECOMMENDED DISPOSAL:

Disposal options may be dictated by other materials mixed with this material. Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations using methods which consider recycling/reclamation.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**STORAGE TEMPERATURE:** Ambient

**STORAGE PRESSURE:** Atmospheric

**GENERAL:**

Keep the container tightly closed. Store in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials such as oxidizing agents or caustics. Preferable storage is in a location designed with secondary spill containment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910.1200 and other agencies)

Component	EXPOSURE LIMITS 8 hrs TWA (ppm)				
	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL	AIHA WEEL	Other
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	None Established	None Established	None Established	None Established	140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> DFG MAK
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate	None Established	None Established	100 ppm	50 ppm*	
Dibasic Esters	None Established	None Established	None Established	None Established	
Alcohols, C <sub>12</sub> - C <sub>14</sub> Secondary, Ethoxylated	None Established	None Established	None Established	None Established	

\*None established for this compound. This is for a similar compound.  
DFG MAK - German developed TWA exposure limits.

### ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure below established exposure limits. Provide eyewash stations and safety showers in locations available to material users. Provide hand washing facilities for routine use by personnel using the material.

### PERSONAL PROTECTION:

Splash goggles and apron should be worn when pouring this material to avoid contact with the liquid. Hand protection is recommended when there is possible direct contact with the liquid. Glove choice should be appropriate for the solvent blend and the specific activity being performed. NOTE: nitrile gloves are a general purpose glove available in a wide variety of thicknesses and provide protection against most solvents. Respiratory protection should be appropriate for solvent exposure and utilized if ventilation cannot be established to adequately maintain exposure within exposure limits such as might occur when cleaning up spills.

### EXPOSURE EVALUATION:

EasiSolv 700N Screen Wash M is a solvent mixture with limited established component exposure limits. Airborne exposures depend on the specifics of use and the available ventilation. Odor is not an indication of exposure. Personal monitoring is the responsibility of the employer and should be performed to evaluate personnel exposure to the components of EasiSolv 700N Screen Wash M under normal use conditions. The user can employ exposure banding techniques to derive their own in house exposure limits. This is beyond the manufacturer's services under this SDS.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	0.08 mm Hg @ 20 C /68 F	<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	1.01 @ 20 C/68 F	<b>Freezing Point:</b>	No Data Available
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Variable depending on the layer	<b>Odor:</b>	Mild Solvent
<b>pH:</b>	5 - 6	<b>Appearance:</b>	Bi-layered clear
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	No Data Available	<b>Physical State:</b>	Liquid
<b>Viscosity:</b>	<10 cps	<b>Flammable Range:</b>	Unknown
<b>Flash Point:</b>	>93 C/200 F (Pensky-Martens)	<b>VOC content:</b>	448 g/l (3.7 lbs/gallon) calculated based on EPA Method 24 criteria
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Heavier than air		

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### GENERAL:

No dangerous reactions known under normal use conditions.

### INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizers, acids, and alkalis

### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

May decompose at high temperature. Thermal decomposition generates carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Other decomposition are dependent on temperature.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### TOXICITY TO ANIMALS:

<u>Component</u>	<u>Acute Test</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Species</u>
EasiSolv 700N Screen Wash M	LD50 oral	>3000 mg/kg	Rat
EasiSolv 700N Screen Wash M	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	Rabbit
EasiSolv 700N Screen Wash M	LC50 inhalation	>11 mg/l/4 hr	Rat
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	Rabbit
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	LD50 inhalation	>5.2 mg/l/4hr	Rat
Alcohols, C <sub>12</sub> - C <sub>14</sub> , Secondary, ethoxylated	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether acetate	LD50 oral	>2,930 mg/kg	Rat
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether acetate	LC50 inhalation	5.7 mg/l	Rat
Dipropylene glycol methyl ether acetate	LD50 skin	>5,000 mg/l	Rabbit

### ROUTES OF ENTRY:

Inhalation of vapor; ingestion of liquid; permeation through skin; eye contact

### CHRONIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS:

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether acetate (DGMEA) has no specific information, however, propylene glycol ethers in general had few adverse effects in repeated 2 to 13 week repeated dose studies at even exposure levels and effects that occurred were mild in nature. No adverse effects were found on reproductive organs, fertility rates, or other commonly monitored indices. No evidence from repeated dose studies indicated these chemicals pose a reproductive hazard to human health. The weight of evidence indicates that these compounds are not likely to be genotoxic. Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light is not considered a mutagenic hazard, not a skin sensitizer, not classified as a carcinogen but repeated skin contact in animals has resulted in irritation and skin cancer. Caused kidney effects with repeated exposure in male rats but not

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

considered relevant to humans. Dibasic esters - limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems. Chronic solvent inhalation may result in nervous system impairment and liver and blood changes. Ethoxylated alcohols are not observed to be mutagenic, carcinogenic, or skin sensitizers, nor cause reproductive or developmental effects.

## Eyes:

May cause eye irritation. Contact with the eye may cause severe irritation depending on time to irrigate eye.

## Skin:

Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis. People with pre-existing dermal conditions should avoid skin contact with this material.

## Ingestion:

Harmful or fatal if swallowed and aspirated into the lung.

## Inhalation:

Vapors can cause irritation of the respiratory tract. High concentrations can cause headache, nausea, weakness, light-headedness, and stupor. May cause dizziness and drowsiness.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<u>Species</u>	<u>Test Information</u>	<u>Concentration</u>	<u>Component</u>
Invertebrates	EC50	0.1 - >100 mg/l	Ethoxylated alcohols
Algae	EC50	0.05 - 50 mg/l	Ethoxylated alcohols
Fish	EC50	0.4 - 100 mg/l	Ethoxylated alcohols
Fish	NOEC/NOEL (modeled)	>0.01-<0.1 mg/l	Distillates(petroleum) hydrotreated light
Aquatic crustacea	NOEC/NOEL (modeled)	>0.1 - <0.1 mg/l	Distillates(petroleum) hydrotreated light
Microorganisms	LL/EL/IL50	>100 mg/l	Distillates(petroleum) hydrotreated light
Daphnia magna	LC50	1090 mg/l	Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate
Fathead minnow	LC50	151 mg/l	Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate

Mixture is aquatically toxic based on constituent data.

## PRODUCTS OF BIODEGRADATION:

Expected to be inherently biodegradable based on available constituent information. Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of any waste in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations. Determine EPA RCRA waste categorization at the time of disposal as mixing with other materials may change its categorization. Containers may contain residue that needs to be addressed at time of disposal. Recycling containers needs to address any remaining residues.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following proper shipping name, hazard class and packing group are in accordance to 49 CFR Department of Transportation (U.S. DOT) regulatory requirements from 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table

49 CFR Shipping Information	EasiSolv700N Screen Wash M
Symbols	"G" - identifies proper shipping names for which one or more technical names of the hazardous material must be entered in parantheses, in association with the basic description. See 172.203(k).
UN Number	NA
Proper Shipping Name	NA
Hazard Class	NA
Packing Group	NA
Label Codes	NA
Special Provisions (172.102)	NA
Packaging - Exceptions	NA
Packaging - Nonbulk	NA
Packaging - bulk	NA
Quantity Limitations - Passenger aircraft/rail	NA
Quantity Limitations - Cargo aircraft only	NA
Vessel stowage - Location	NA
Vessel stowage - Other	NA

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Chemical Inventory Status

Ingredients listed on: TSCA, DSL, Japan, and EC inventories.

**SARA Section 302 - Emergency Planning Notification** - None

**SARA Section 304 - Emergency Release Notification** - No components greater than 0.1% in mixture

**SARA 311/312 - Hazard categories for SARA Section 311/312 Reporting** - Immediate (acute) health hazard category; fire

**CERCLA - Hazardous Substance** - No components greater than 0.1% in mixture

**RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification** - None

### California Proposition 65:

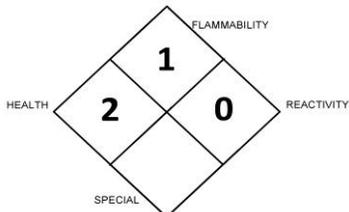
This product contains no known ingredients listed on the California Proposition 65 chemical List.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### UNITED STATES NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (U.S. NFPA)

NFPA 704 "fire diamond" is used by emergency personnel to quickly identify the risks posed by the material during response to a fire or a spill or other unusual event.



### EasiSolv700N Screen Wash M

#### CREATION/REVISION SUMMARY:

Created on: 16-Jan-17  
update logo

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